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POETRY.

SPRING.

BY ALFRED TENNYSON.

Dip down upon the Northern shore,
O sweet new year, delaying long;
Thou doest expectant nature wrong,
Delaying long; delay no more.

What stays thee from the clouded noons,
Thy sweetness from its proper place?
Can trouble live with April days,
Or sadness in the summer noons?

Bring orchis, bring the fox-glove spire,
The little speedwell's darling blue,
Deep tulips dashed with fiery dew,
Laburnums, dropping wells of fire.

O, thou, new year, delaying long,
Delayest the sorrow in my blood,
That longs to burst a frozen bud,
And flood a fresher throat with song.

Now fades the last long streak of snow;
Now bourgeous every maze of quick
About the flow'ring square, and thick
By ashen roots the violets blow.

Now rings the woodland loud and long,
The distance takes a lovelier hue,
And drowned in yonder living blue
The lark becomes a sightless song.

Now dance the lights on lawn and lea.
The flocks are whiter down the vale,
And milkier every milky sail
On winding stream or distant sea.

[illegible]
In yonder greening gleam, and fly
The happy birds, that change their sky,
To build and brood, that live their lives

From land to land; and in my breast
Spring wakens too; and my regret
Becomes an April violet,
And buds and blossoms like the rest.

DEMOCRATIC THUNDER!

THE CONVENTION SUSTAINED BY THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS!!

[From the Ebensburg Democrat.]

The resolutions adopted by the Convention, will we think, give universal satisfaction to the party. Their language is at once firm, independent and temperate, and nothing is said that is calculated to offend sincere members of the party. All the political issues of the day are met 'on the square,' and the National Administration sustained in unqualified terms. The confidence which the Democracy of Pennsylvania reposed in James Buchanan, when they cast their votes for him for President in 1856, remains undiminished, and it was right that their delegates should say so. The resolutions sustaining his administration were adopted unanimously by the Convention. It is certainly to be regretted that the few friends of Governor Packer in the Convention endeavored to obtain the passage of a resolution endorsing his Administration. They certainly knew, or ought to have known, that a number of the measures advocated by him were odious to a large majority of the Democracy of the State, and that his officious intermeddling in national affairs had placed him in a ridiculous position before the entire nation. If his friends had acted prudently, he would have been spared the mortification of a rebuke from the assembled delegates of the party which elevated him to office.

[From the Carlisle Volunteer.]

It will be seen that the Convention took bold and decided ground in favor of the National Administration. The resolutions approving of Mr. Buchanan's official acts were adopted *unanimously*, which is evidence that the President still retains the confidence, the respect and the friendship of the Democracy of the old Keystone. After this emphatic expression by the regularly constituted delegates representing the Democratic party of the State, those who continue to oppose the President, will be, and should be, regarded as mischief-makers and disorganizers. If they are Democrats, as they profess to be, they will now yield their opinions and join the great mass of the party and assist to achieve a brilliant victory in October. Opposition to the National Administration in this State by a small minority—a mere corporal's guard—cannot be regarded with indifference any longer. Those who are not for us are against us, and those who disregard the unanimous sentiments of a full State Convention, cannot expect to be considered friends of the Democratic party. "The will of the majority" has always been regarded a principle in the Democratic creed, and those who, at this late day, attempt to repudiate this principle, will find themselves outside the pale of the Democratic party. We hope these men (Gov. Packer and his Attorney General included,) are now convinced that "honesty is the best policy," and that the Democratic masses have no sympathy with them and their private grievances.

[From the Easton Sentinel.]

The resolutions adopted by the Convention are eminently sound, patriotic, judicious and proper. They are progressive without being wild and visionary, conservative without hanging like a drag upon all attempts to fight the coming battle upon such live issues as time and circumstances may develope in the future.—They cover the whole ground of National politics, and also those other great questions which already are beginning to crimson the political horizon with their rising beams, and which must enter into the campaign of 1860, for practical solution.

A resolution was presented, endorsing the State policy of Governor Packer, which gave rise to considerable discussion. The few who advocated it, disclaimed any approval of the Governor's conduct in reviving the Lecompton question in his last message, and in other respects lending himself to the purpose of party disorganization. The course of his Attorney General, Knox, was expressly repudiated by the delegate who offered the resolution. The majority, however, could see neither policy nor propriety in giving any such expression of opinion as proposed by the resolution, and very properly rejected it by a decided majority.—His course since his elevation to the gubernatorial chair has not been such as a Democratic State Convention could approve of, consequently they did right in passing him by in silence.

THE DOUGLAS ORGAN REPUDIATES FORNEY.

We copy the following article from the Washington *States*, of March 24th.

THE PENNSYLVANIA REBELLION.—We have already announced the fact that a portion of the Democratic party in Pennsylvania had repudiated the action of the recent convention at Harrisburg, and have initiated measures for another independent and inimical organization.

We confess ourselves at a loss to understand the object of this movement. We know nothing of the individuals responsible for it, nor are we apprized of the purposes they entertain. In this case we are reduced to the necessity of investigating their motives in the light of their own public declarations.

If there had been any avowal of principle by the convention at Harrisburg which the authors of this schismatic demonstration could not approve, they might properly vindicate their consistency by formal remonstrance. But from a comparison of the Harrisburg platform with the protest of the recusants in the Philadelphia convention in respect of fundamental policy. They are agreed in support of popular sovereignty, protection, and specific duties, as well as of every other measure of federal administration.—What then do these schismatics seem resolved to push to the extremity of irreparable separation? An attentive and impartial observation of the course of the disorganizers satisfies us that they are animated by no other motive than an impulse of personal hostility to the administration. Their movement is resolved into an ebullition of resentment against the President. And this is the most charitable construction of their conduct; for some persons contend that it is no sudden outburst of anger which transports them beyond the bounds of reason, but that they act upon calculations of selfish expediency, and have deliberately resolved to take refuge in the bosom of the Black Republican party.

Whether or not this be the purpose of the men who have raised the flag of revolt against the Democratic organization in Pennsylvania, the obvious and inevitable effect of the movement is to promote the interests of the opposition. To be candid we have had very little hope of the alliance of Pennsylvania in the next contest, even under the most propitious circumstances; and it is not therefore, because of any material damage to the party so much as on account of the demoralizing influence of the example that we deplore this insurrectionary demonstration in Philadelphia. While the Democracy maintain a compact and vigorous organization, they need not despair in any extremity of adverse fortune; but if the rivalries of faction and petty jealousies of politicians are to be thought a justification of rebellion, we may as well suspend all effort to preserve the party. It is the apparently unprincipled motive and the inevitably pernicious effect of this schismatic movement in Pennsylvania, against which we are bound to protest in the interests of the national Democracy.

If the rebellious minority are governed by principle, let them avow their patriotic purpose.

If they intend to strike a bargain with the Black Republicans, they should be more manly than to cover their retreat under a pretence of virtuous indignation.

THE LOST WEDDING RING.

The *Scotsman* newspaper relates the following curious case of the recovery of a lost ring: "About the end of July or the beginning of August last, a woman named McClean, of Clifton, near the head of Loch Lomond, lost her marriage ring whilst engaged in putting in or building peats, and, notwithstanding that every search was made for it at the time, it could not be found. About a fortnight ago the cat brought a rat into the house, and around the neck of the rat was the missing ring. It is supposed, as rats are known to carry off coins or pieces of silver or gold, that the ring had been taken to the rat's nest, where it had got over the neck of one of the young ones, and remained there until the animal had advanced in growth and curiously enough, been captured by the cat Mrs. McClean, who had been about a year married, was no less rejoiced in getting possession again of her lost ring than surprised at the very singular way in which it was recovered.

☞"You would be very pretty indeed," said a gentlemen patronizingly to a young lady, "if your eyes were only a little larger." "My eyes may be very small, sir, but such people as you don't fill them."

DANCING SCHOOL REMINISCENCE

In the dance I stood beside her,
With my arm around her waist,
She danced with ease and beauty;
But stared me in the face—

I felt divinely happy then,
And danced with ease and grace;
But those confounded eyes of hers
Looked right into my face—

All the girls did look at *me*,
When from my seat I rose;
Went to the looking-glass, and found
I had dirt upon my nose!

"MY MOTHER."

The influence upon her child of a Christian mother's pure, unselfish love, is never lost.—Worldly pursuits may cover it from sight, love, warm and passionate, seem to burn it from the heart, but with subtle gentleness it still exerts its hallowed power. Many a dying bed has borne such testimony as the following:

"If I could only see my mother!"

Again and again was that yearning cry repeated—

"If I could only see my mother!"

The vessel rocked, and the waters, chased by a fresh wind, played musically against the side of the ship. The sailor, a second mate, quite youthful, lay in his narrow bed, his eyes glazing, his limbs stiffening, his breath failing.—It was not pleasant to die thus in this shaking, plunging ship; but he seemed not to mind his bodily discomfort—his eyes looked far away—and ever and anon broke forth that grieving cry—

"If I could only see my mother!"

An old sailor sat by, the Bible in his hand, from which he had been reading. He bent over the young man, and asked him why he was so anxious to see the mother he had so wilfully left.

"O! that's the reason," he cried in anguish. "I nearly broke her heart, and I can't die in peace. She was a good mother to me—O! so good a mother, she bore every thing from her wild boy, and once she said—

"My son, when you come to die, you will remember all this."

"O! if I could only see my mother"!

He never saw his mother. He died with the yearning cry upon his lips, as many a man has died who slighted the mother who bore him. The waves roll over him, and his dread cry has gone before God, there to be registered forever.

SINGULAR SCENE IN A CHURCH.

PLEASANT VALLEY, Barkhamstead, March, 28.—A singular incident occurred here yesterday (Sunday) afternoon. A preacher from some other town had been expected to hold forth in the Baptist church, and the audience were gathered, and the preacher arose. After announcing his text, he proceeded with his sermon, but had not gone far, when he said to the astonished audience:

"I have been instructed not to preach anything of Abolitionism or Republicanism—*but*, I must serve my Master, and I ——"

At this juncture, Deacon Doolittle rose and said—

"Hold on. It's my impression that you have said enough." (Turning to the audience):

"Meeting is out."

The audience rose simultaneously, and taking their hats, went out. The minister sat down. Deacon Doolittle went to the pulpit and said to him:

"If you want to preach politics, I have no objection, and my house is at your service.—But this church is not the proper place, and it cannot be permitted. If you desire to give a political sermon or speech, you can do so at my house, or any other place, and I will warrant a good audience, and you shall have fair play and not be hurt. But you must not attempt it in this church."

There was no more preaching in that church that afternoon. These are the facts as related by some who were in the audience when this scene took place.

LITCHFIELD COUNTY, CONN.

HUNTING IN ABYSSINIA.

What was the spiral thing that roiled and unrolled itself at the end of a branch, some inches from my face? A slender serpent, some inches in length, yellow as a dead leaf, with a black ribbon on the spine. Let it bite the most robust man, and he is dead in a few hours. I bounced back. But how shall I describe my terror on seeing the ground at my feet, the branches over my head, the trunks at my side, alive with hundreds upon hundreds of these reptiles, some motionless as a corpse, others slowly waving in the sunbeams that filtered through the leaves? I felt the fascination of Medusa. Overcome with fear, I would have given the world for a free passage and power to fly. Yet I seemed rooted to this perilous ground, and not daring to make a step for fear of coming in contact with some of these horrible animals. My legs, feet, chest and arms were bare, which made my position yet more dangerous. Nevertheless, something must be done. Making myself as small as possible, that the least twig might not be touched, gathering the folds of my mantle around me, and shuddering lest they might enclose a serpent, measuring every step with my eye, now on all fours, now striking down an erected head with the but of my rifle, now bounding over fallen trunks, whose cavities seemed alive with snakes, I struggled on for some five minutes, which seemed an age. At length, the ground becoming clearer, I began running like a madman through the brakes in which I had just found it difficult to walk. A few bounds brought me to the dry bed of the torrent, ten steps from our tent. I had hunted enough for one day.—*Travels in Abyssinia.*

A GHASTLY EXPERIMENT.

Spirits of wine poured on a teaspoonful of common salt in a vial, well shaken, and then put on either lamp-cotton or tow, and ignited, will burn with a peculiar, colored flame giving out purely yellow rays. This mysterious effect changes the appearance of all earthly objects. Coral lips become a livid hue; rosy cheeks turn ghastly pale; red cap ribbons become black; in fact, everything appears different from what it does by the white light we are familiar with; and of all things the human face undergoes the greatest change. Very young children should not be shown this experiment; for though there will be laughing lips and dazzling eyes, yet they are of such unearthly color, that fold friends would appear with new faces, and a child would scarcely know its own mamma.

SINGULAR INSTINCT IN MICE.

Mr. Sanderson, of Metal Hill, Sunderland, furnishes us with a somewhat novel mode of catching mice which he practised with effect, some years ago. Having fixed a trencher near a shelf by two pins near the centre upon which it swung, he placed upon the lighter end some bait, and underneath it a mug of water. As the mice ran across the trencher to the bait, the lighter side went down, and they were thrown into the water, and drowned. Having had occasion to try the plan again, a short time ago, he found to his surprise, the bait eaten, but no mice caught, and at last discovered that while some of the mice crossed the trencher to reach the bait, others held on by the edge of the trencher, and prevented its precipitating their companions into the water.

REGULARLY SOLD OUT.—During the month of January, 1850, while stopping at the Sutter House, in Sacramento city, California, I accidentally overheard a conversation between two gentlemen, one of whom was from New York city, and had been in the country nearly a year, and the other had just arrived.

The new-comer was lamenting his condition, and his folly in leaving an abundance at home, and especially two beautiful daughters, who were just budding into womanhood—when he asked the New Yorker if he had a family.

"Yes, sir: I have a wife and six children in New York—and I never saw one of them."

[illegible] moments in silence, when the latter re-commenced:

"Was you ever blind, sir?"

"No, sir."

"Did you marry a widow, sir?"

"No, sir."

Another lapse of silence.

"Did I understand you to say sir, that you had a wife and six children living in New York, and had never seen one of them?"

"Yes, sir—I so stated it."

Another and a longer pause of silence.—Then the interrogator again inquired:

"How can it be, sir, that you never saw one of them?"

"Why," was the response, "*one of them* was born after I left."

"Oh! ah!" and a general laugh followed; and after that the New Yorker was especially distinguished as the man who had six children, and never saw one of them."

A NEW BILL OF RIGHTS.—A wag has made up a summary of what he calls the "Inalienable Rights of Americans," and which are not enumerated in the Declaration of Independence. There is a vein of poignant sarcasm running through it:

To know any trade or business without apprenticeship or experience.

To marry without regard to fortune, state of health, position of parents or friends.

To have wife and children dependent on the contingencies of business, and in case of sudden death, leave them wholly unprovided for.

To put off upon hireling strangers the literary, moral and religious education of children.

To teach children no good trade, hoping they will have, when grown up, wit enough to live on the industry of other people.

To enjoy the general sympathy when made bankrupt by reckless speculations.

To cheat the government, if possible.

To hold office without being competent to discharge its duties.

To build houses with nine and six inch walls, and go to the funerals of tenants, firemen, and others, killed by their fall, weeping over the mysterious dispensations of Providence.

To build up cities and towns without parks, public squares, broad streets, or ventilated blocks, and call pestilence a visitation of God.

THIS GOES FOR NOTHING.—It is related of that singular but gifted man, John Randolph, that being, as was supposed, upon his death bed, several persons who had been his enemies called upon him to offer acts of kindness. Among others of these was the late John C. Calhoun, who desired a reconciliation with Randolph before his death, especially for its political benefits. Randolph received him kindly, accepted his proffers of sympathy, and freely forgave him for his previous opposition and accepted an amicable settlement of all difficulties.

Calhoun was delighted with this manifestation of kindness, but what was his surprise when on taking leave of the exhausted and, as it was supposed, dying Randolph, the latter called him back to his bedside with this exclamation: "Now, Calhoun, remember, if I get well, all this goes for nothing." He did get well, and took an active part in politics, but never spoke to Calhoun again during the balance of his days. It did all go for nothing.

☞Bayard Taylor, after all is, only a *journey*-man printer, and his "Tales of a Traveler," might just as truly be termed "Travels of a Taylor."

NOISE IN THE SICK ROOM.—It is extraordinary how many persons, unused to the sick room, mistake certain noises for quiet. When such people have to walk across the room, they do so with a balancing sort of movement that makes every plank creak uneasily. Their very dress rattles in a way that would make the fortune of a rattle snake. If anything has to be said, it is spoken in a loud whirring whisper, that conceals the words but makes the most irritating of noises. Now the silence of a sick room must not be labored, it must be natural. Shoes that do not creak must be worn, and in walking, the foot must be put down carefully, of course, but with a firm step, that comes gently, yet steadily, on the floor. This will not make the creaking sound caused by the toe-pointed, gingerly mode of movement so much adopted by those whose experience of sick rooms is small. The dress must be made of some noiseless material, wool or cotton; silk must be avoided, for it squeaks with every movement. In speaking, the pitch of the voice must be slightly raised, and the words, instead of being hissed, as in whispering, should be clipped short, and cut distinctly. By this means the person spoken to will hear what is said, while the least possible sound accompanies the word.—*Barwell's Care of the Sick.*

"Mohawk Dutch."—The following story is *good* because it is *true*. We had it from the lips of a good woman, who was told it by the principal actor herself:

"Ven I first come to Filadelfy to serve, I was very uncivilized," said Katarine, now a tidy, intelligent servant in a respectable family: "I laugh mooch, and I feel mooch ashamed to remember how I behave ven I know so little. Shon, that was my beau then—Shon, he took me to the theatre one night, when I been in Filadelfy but three weeks. We sits in the gallery, and we not see good, and Shon said he would get a better seat. So he puts his leg round de post, and shlides down mid de pit, and he looks up and calls out. 'Katarine! Katarine! coom down! tish a good view here!' and I leaned over, and said I: "How can I coom Shon?" And he said: 'Just shlide down.' So I put my legs round de pillar, and shlides down, too. Donder! how de peoples laugh! Dey laugh so dev play no more dat night upon the stage. Every body laugh, and yell, and whistle all over de house! I was much it."

MRS. PARTINGTON PATRIOTIC.—"Hurra!" said Ike, as he read the fact in the papers, "here's O'Regan admitted to the Union." "A furriner, I should judge," remarked Mrs. Partington, looking very wisely at the steam that rose from the tea-cups and formed in one cloud near the ceiling, "but I'm glad they've let him come to enjoy our political rights and lefts and other prerogatives. There's room enough, and the rear of our institutions should be extended. I don't believe a man should be cut off because he wasn't born in this country for twenty-one years, which of course wasn't any fault of his, for everybody would be born here if they could have their own auction consulted." 'It means,' said Ike, "a new State." "Well, child," replied she, "the odds is only the difference—State or man, 'tis all the same. Let 'em come into our grand consternation, where the eagle shall spread its broad opinions over 'em, and make 'em happy in an unlimited bondage of brotherhood, like the Siamese twins."

A LIVING FAITH.—In a public school in New York, a short time since, on an alarm of fire a terrible panic ensued, and many of the scholars were injured by rushing to the doors, and one of the teachers a young lady, jumped from a window. Among the hundreds of children with whom the building was crowded, was one girl among the best in the school who through all the frightful scene maintained entire composure. The color indeed forsook her cheek.—Her lip quivered. The tears stood in her eyes but she moved not. After order had been restored, and her companions had been brought back to their places, the question was asked her how she came to sit still, without apparent alarm when everybody else was in such a fright, "My father," said she, "is a fireman and he told me if there was an alarm of fire in the school, I must just sit still."

AN ANTI-SICKLES AFFAIR.—A gentleman of high social consideration, in Georgia, recently made the discovery that his wife was unfaithful to him. Waiting his opportunity, he found the guilty pair, together, and politely showed them the way to the street door, which he closed after them. He then sent a servant for an undertaker, ordered the arrangements for a funeral, sent out cards of invitation to his friends, and over the empty coffin performed the ceremony for a departed wife. This over, he delivered the light burthen to the hearse, and once more addressing his friends, called for their congratulations upon the fact that he was now a widower—upon which, opening the folding doors, he introduced them to a splendidly prepared feast. The gayeties which thus introduced his happy return to "single life" were prolonged till morning.

PROFANITY.—The famous Dr. Johnson never suffered an oath to go unrebuked in his presence. When a libertine, but a man of some note, was once talking before him, and interlarding his stories with oaths, Johnson said, "Sir, all this swearing will do nothing for your story; I beg you will not swear." The narrator went on swearing. Johnson said, "I must again entreat you not to swear." The gentleman swore again, and Johnson indignantly quitted the room.

☞"Buy a trunk, Pat," said a dealer.—"And what for should I buy a trunk?" rejoined Pat. "To put your clothes in," was the reply. "An' go naked?" exclaimed Pat. "The divil a bit of it!"

TWO WRONGS MAKE A RIGHT.—In the course of a conversation between several gentlemen, one of them had occasion to quote the common saying, "two wrongs do not make one right."

"*Sometimes* they do," interposed a seedy-looking bystander, with a down-east nasal twang; "they did with me once."

"How was that?"

"Wal," replied the Yankee, "there was a fellow passed on to me once a one dollar bill, and it was a counterfeit. Wasn't that wrong?"

'Certainly it was wrong, if he *knew* it to be counterfeit."

"Wal, expect he did; I did, any way, when I passed it to *another* chap. Now, wasn't *that* wrong?"

"Wrong!—of course: very wrong."

"Wal, it made *me* 'all right,'" was the triumphant rejoinder; "so two wrongs *does* make a right sometimes."

KNOW-NOTHINGISM.—The editor of a Georgia paper overheard the following conversation on the re-opening of the slave trade:

"Clem, I'se tell you, if deys gwine to 'deavor to fotch dem 'ported niggers ober dis way, which I hear dey be, dere'll be a fuss in de family sure. 'Spect dey want us to 'sociate wid dem niggers on 'quality. Neber do it sure."

"Sam, dus you raly tink dey'll fotch dem niggers here?"

"For sartin, Clem. I heard massa say dare was five thousand 'ported soul in Carolina, and half of dem now ready in dis State. I tell you, Clem, if one of dem forin, unat'alized niggers calc'late to 'sociate wid dis chile, he is a hoin' de wrong patch. Somethin' will hit him like mule kicked him, for sartain, and it won't be dat animal eder."

☞A highwayman undertook to rob Major Jones. He met Jones in a wood over in Jersey. He asked Jones for his pocket book. Jones refused to yield. Highwayman took Jones by the neck, and undertook to choke him. Jones made fight and kept it up for half an hour. At the expiration of that time Jones caved in, and the highwayman commenced rifling his pockets. The contents amounted to eighteen cents. "Is that all you've got?" "Every cent." What made you fight so long?" "Didn't want to be exposed. Bad enough to have only eighteen cents; a great deal worse the whole world to know it."

[illegible] taken pains to ascertain relative to the gold at Pike's Peak. He says that it is difficult to find any one who knows anything about the gold; there are big stories everywhere of rich placres in this and that place, but when you go there, it is like the milk sickness, somewhere else.—He says:—"I would advise all who think of going, to wait till the 1st of May: if the mines are really rich, they will keep till after that time, and if they are not, we will by that time have ample testimony upon the subject."

A GOOD ONE.—A few days since, a rough country looking fellow entered one of the New York Banks, and marching up to the counter exclaimed, "Here I am, I want you to take a fair look at me." Without a word further he strode out. The next day the same customer appeared, uttered the same words, and again disappeared. The third day, at about the same time, he walked in, and advanced to the teller's desk, threw down a draft payable three days after sight. "Now," said he, "you've seen me three times, I want the money for it."

SINGULAR!—It is generally observed that persons of about forty years, especially young ladies of that age, are so very forgetful of those with whom they were acquainted in childhood. This remarkable dimness of memory has been appropriately styled "The darkness of the middle ages."

☞A book-keeper was "engaged," but could not get married at the specified time, owing to want of funds. "The time was fixed for yesterday," said a friend. "I know it," rejoined he. "Then why were you not married?" "Well," said he, looking very serious, and approaching his ear confidentially, "the fact is, *I have got an extension!*"

☞"Mother, I shouldn't be surprised if our Susan gets choked some day."

"Why, my son?"

"Because her beau twisted his arm round her neck the other night, and if she had not kissed him to let him to let her go, he would have strangled her.

☞Money Lender—"You want a hundred dollars! Here's the money. I charge five per cent. a month, and as you want it for a year, that leaves just forty dollars coming to you."

Innocent Borrower—"Then if I wanted it for two years, there'd be something coming to you."

☞A lady, when told that Mr. Beecher was about to deliver a lecture on Burns, suggested the equal necessity of a lecture on "scalds." Mr. Beecher is so constantly in hot water, that he ought to be pre-eminently qualified to handle such a theme.

☞A farmer, the other day, was told by his landlord that he was going to raise his rent.—"Much obliged," said he, "for I find it impossible to *raise* it myself."

☞There is a man in Connecticut, so lazy that he refused to be a candidate for Congress, and when asked the reason, he said it was because "he would have to run for it."

☞Whoever is afraid of submitting any question, civil or religious, to the test of free discussion, is more in love with his own opinion than with truth.

☞The printers of New Haven, Conn., have formed a society called the "Stick and Rule Club."

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, April 15, 1859.

B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JOHN ROWE,
OF FRANKLIN.

A REVOLUTIONARY CENTENNARIAN.

On Tuesday last, our town was honored with a visit from GEN. JAS. BURNS, SR., of Juniata township, one of the surviving soldiers of the American Revolution. This venerable man is now upwards of one hundred years and six months of age, and is still vigorous and healthy. He was at the battle of Brandywine and at Valley Forge, and subsequently was engaged in the protection of the frontier. Though a mere youth when in the army of the Revolution, he attracted the notice of Washington, with whom he was on familiar terms. His first vote was cast for Washington, and ever since the organization of the Democratic party, he has been a steady adherent to its men and measures. To see this veteran and hear him tell of his early days, makes one feel like exclaiming, with Moore,

O for the swords of former time,
O for the men who bore them!
When armed for right, they stood sublime,
And tyrants crouched before them!

☞The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, ashamed of the action of the Black Republican House of Representatives in refusing to repeal the Extra Pay law, and anxious to bolster up that corrupt and unprincipled body, assails Messrs. Welsh and Schell, the two Democratic Senators who originated the anti-Extra Pay movement in the Senate, and endeavors to place them before the people in a false position.—The whole truth concerning this matter, is as follows: On Friday, the first inst., when the Appropriation Bill was in consideration by the Senate, Mr Welsh offered an amendment to reduce the pay of members from $700 to $500 per year, to which amendment Mr. Schell offered another to authorize the State Treasurer to retain $200 of the salary of members of the last session. The amendment to the amendment was adopted, as was likewise the amendment thus amended,—Messrs Welsh and Schell both voting in the affirmative. On the same day, an evening session was ordered, for the consideration of *private bills*, at which session several Democrats who acted with them, seized the opportunity to reinstate in the Appropriation Bill, the $200 Extra-Pay clause, by suspending the rules and taking up that bill *out of order*. Mr. Schell was not present at this session, having been called to Philadelphia on important business. Had he been present, he would have voted as he did before, against the Extra Pay. As for Mr. Welsh, who was present, he *did* vote in opposition to the motion to re-insert the $700 salary. The vote upon this question will be found on page 539 of the *Legislative Record*, to which we refer all who desire to learn the facts concerning the matter. The *Telegraph*, as will be seen by the *Record*, tells a deliberate falsehood when it says that no one voted against the restoration of the Extra Pay clause. *Six* Democrats and but *two* Republicans recorded their votes in the negative. The *Telegraph* cannot whitewash its own partisans by such silly attempts to show inconsistency in Democrats.

HORRIBLE DEATH BY FIRE.

William Croyle, a young lad, a son of Joseph Croyle, of Union township, in this county, was burned to death on the night of the fifth inst., at Mr. Reesy's, between Ebensburg and Strongstown, Cambria county. It seems that young Croyle was along with a party who were moving the family and effects of Mr. Joseph Burket, and had left home the day previous. The party put up at Mr. Reesy's and retired for the night. About one o'clock at night, Mr. John Imler, one of the moving party, discovered that the house was on fire and immediately gave the alarm. He found the rest all sound asleep, but broke open the doors of their bed-room and at once roused them to a sense of their danger. Six persons were rescued by being thrown out of windows by Mr. Jacob Burket and caught below by Mr. Imler. It was now asked whether the whole party were safe, and no one seemed to be absent. A rush was then made for the stable, to get out the horses, when it was observed that young Croyle did not come for his; whereupon he was at once searched for, and horrible to tell, was found burned almost to a cinder! with his arms and legs severed from his body by the burning!—His remains were buried on the spot, but were afterwards taken up by his relatives and friends, and re-interred at St. Clairsville, on the 10th inst., where a large number of sympathising people followed the mangled corpse of the unfortunate boy to its grave. It is said by Mrs. Burket that she conversed with young Croyle, outside of the house, when it was in flames. His shoes were also found outside. The overcoats, hats, shoes and many other articles belonging to the rest of the company, were consumed. It is supposed that the fire originated from some ashes in the kitchen. The age of William Croyle, was 16 years 4 months and 3 days.

GEN. BOWMAN.

The wolves of the Opposition press, howl most piteously over the purchase of the Washington *Union* by Gen. Bowman. They tremble at the power of that pen which they long since learned to fear. Wo to their corruptions and wo to their intrigues, when probed by that penetrating stylus! But aside from these wolves, there are those whose swinish propensities entitle them to a less honorable appellation, who delight in grunting an echo to the ullulations of their more respectable brethren. As for these, they need not fear that Gen. Bowman will stir them up in their sty; he will not "cast his pearls before swine," especially not before such whose chief ambition is to waliow in the mire of John W. Forney's falsehood and treachery.

Gen. Bowman has changed the name of his paper to that of the "*Constitution*." We have not, as yet, received a copy of the publication. On receipt of it, we shall inform our readers concerning its nature and appearance. Meanwhile, we copy the subjoined extracts, which are but three among hundreds of similar notices of Gen. Bowman's new enterprise:

THE WASHINGTON UNION.—The telegraph announces that Gen. Bowman, Superintendent of Public Printing, has purchased the above paper. If he has, we may safely predict a marked improvement in that journal. Gen. B., has given great satisfaction to the public in the way he has discharged the duties of his present office. He has brought order out of the chaos, and reduced the expenses of public printing far below what they were under his predecessor.—We trust he may be successful in any enterprise he undertakes, and, as he is a practical printer, he is just the man to take hold of the Union and make it a profitable concern.—*New York Day Book.*

THE WASHINGTON UNION.—It has been announced that the Washington Union will soon pass into the hands of Gen. Geo. W. Bowman, at present Superintendent of Public Printing. We think the change will be highly acceptable to the Democratic party at large. Gen. Bowman has large experience as an editor. He is a man whose moral and political character are alike free from reproach, and his honest and fearless discharge of the duties of the office to which he was called by Mr. Buchanan have added fresh laurels to his fame. We shall gladly welcome Gen. Bowman back to the editorial ranks, and claim for him a hearty reception from the whole Democratic fraternity. We hope the Union under his judicious management may be made a new bond to bind together the true friends of the country everywhere. —*Baltimore Republican.*

THE WASHINGTON UNION.—It has been announced by telegraph that Cornelius Wendell Esq., has sold the Washington Union to General Geo. W. Bowman, Superintendent of Public Printing, the transfer to be made in about two weeks. Gen. Bowman was for twenty-five years the editor and publisher of the Bedford Gazette, in this State, and is a gentleman of talent and integrity, as well as an orthodox and consistent Democrat.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

TURNPIKE.

On Saturday last, as Mr. Samuel Barnhart, of this place, was driving his six horse road team over the bridge at the "Narrows," a short distance below town, the flooring and supporting timbers of the bridge, gave way, and the wagon and four of the horses attached to it, dropped through into the stream beneath! The depth of the water under the bridge, is estimated to have been from twelve to fifteen feet. The wagon was loadened, principally, with flour, the weight of the whole load being about 100 cwt. A considerable quantity of the flour was lost and some of the remainder damaged so as to render its sale of no advantage to the owner. The four horses that went through the bridge with the wagon, were saved, which seems miraculous, indeed, when we think of the height they fell (some 25 feet) and the danger of their entanglement in the harness and wagon-gears, in the deep water into which they were plunged. Mr. Barnhart's own escape is a matter to be wondered at. Just as the timbers began to crack and sink beneath his team, he stepped from the portion of the bridge that went down. He had been walking with the two front horses (which escaped by the breaking of the coupling chain) and thus was saved from the perilous fall which otherwise would have awaited him. Take it all in all, this accident was most extraordinary.

THE SICKLES TRIAL.

This interesting case has been in course of trial at Washington City, during the past week. The details of the trial, are very lengthy, and cannot, by any process of compression, be squeezed into our columns. We shall, however, advise our readers, at our earliest opportunity, concerning the issue of the case. The general impression, at present, is that Sickles will be acquitted.

THE LOVEJOY LETTER.—The Abolitionists wince under the home-thrusts given them by their former co-worker, Joseph C. Lovejoy, and for want of any other defence, talk about the re-opening of the slave-trade, etc., etc.—We published Mr. Lovejoy's letter, *as the testimony of an Abolitionist*, which we conceive that party is bound to accept as true, but which *we* did not endorse, nor do we intend to. Messieurs Abolitionists! the Lovejoy thorn is in your side, and you can extract it at your leisure.

FERGUSON & MANSPEAKER.—Among our new advertisements, will be found that of the above-named firm, who have recently associated themselves in business. At their store will be found the cheapest and best shoes and boots, pickles and preserves. They have ladies' shoes at 75 cents and children's at 15, which are said to be of a good quality. We advise our readers to call and see their stock.

CROWDED OUT.—The unusual press of legal and other advertisements, has crowded out a number of articles intended for this number.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The Black Republicans, Abolitionists and Know Nothings combined, have been successful in Connecticut, as they have been invariably for the last five years. Their majority, however, is small, compared with what it was in former years, and the Democrats have gained handsomely in both houses of the Legislature. Had not unfair and extraordinary means been resorted to, there is no doubt that the Democrats would have been victorious. From the article copied below, which is taken from a respectable and reliable Connecticut journal, it appears that votes were shipped from adjoining States, and that money was freely used, to secure the success of the Mongrels. It remains for Pennsylvania Democrats, to wipe out this outrage upon the ballot-box, and they will do it on the second Tuesday of October next, or they are not the men we take them to be. The following will give our readers an idea of the trickery and frauds of the Connecticut Opposition:

[From the Hartford Times, April 5th.]

They (the Rep.) have elected these men by one of the most extraordinary efforts ever made in Connecticut. Had a Presidential election been pending, they could have made no greater exertions. They were aided by all of the Northern States, on the ground that if defeated upon their Congressmen they would be in a minority in the next House of Representatives, and this would cut them off from electing a President by the House, in case the people should make no choice. With this view of the case, the Abolitionists of the entire North brought their efforts to bear upon Connecticut, and money was showered upon the State in floods. Ten dollars for a vote was repeatedly offered, and we have heard that as high as $25 for a single man was offered by the Abolition managers. The cars came into the State loaded with their voters, legal and illegal, on Saturday and Monday, and a greatly increased vote was polled.

Laborers were told that they should vote the Abolition ticket, or be discharged from their places, and ballots printed upon *yellow paper* were placed in their hands—their situation as employees depending upon the condition of putting those marked yellow ballots into the ballot box. Such tyrranny, by a party that makes no issue in the country except that of *slavery*, must be shocking to the mind of all liberal minded freemen.

By such revolting means—by bribery, threats, and corruption—by the most lavish use of money—have the Democracy been defeated. But though defeated, they have waged a gallant contest, and have polled undoubtedly the largest vote they have ever given in the State; a vote that will grow larger, year by year, as the corruption and the dangerous doctrines of the Abolitionists are more thoroughly and calmly considered by the people. The State cannot long be held by the "irrepressible conflict" party that is waging a bitter war against a portion of the independent States of the Union.

When the votes are canvassed, it will be found that the Democracy have polled a heavy gain on the State ticket, they have made encouraging gains of members of the Legislature, and have attained a foothold from which they will very soon achieve a triumph. In all parts of the State our friends have worked with a zeal and constancy worthy of the great national party to which they are attached.

David Mann, Esq., of this borough, died at his residence on the 13th inst., at an advanced age. Obituary next week.—Funeral to take place on Friday, the 15th, at 2 o'clock.

☞We call attention to the "Appeal to the People of Pennsylvania for the purchase of Mt. Vernon," published in another column.—We hope this Appeal will not be made in vain. Miss Ella Watson, of this place, has been appointed Lady Manager for this county.

☞The alleged fugitive slave, Daniel Dangerfield, *alias* Daniel Webster, recently arrested at Harrisburg, though fully identified by three or four creditable white witnesses, has been discharged by the U. S. Commissioner. This spoils any quantity of anticipated Abolition thunder.

☞Leavenworth City, Kansas, although only four years old, contains a population of 10,460, with an assessed valuation of $3,871,375. It has nine churches, ten schools, four daily and four weekly papers, seven job printing offices, eighty-nine lawyers and forty doctors.

☞The shock of an earthquake was felt at Jeffersonville, Tazewell county, Va., on the 22d ult. A heavy rumbling sound, easily distinguishable from that of thunder, was several seconds after followed by a distinct jarring of houses, and rattling of queensware and window sashes.

☞Attorney General Knox has furnished a written opinion to Auditor General Fry, that under the decision of the Supreme Court, in Osborne vs. Holmes, 9th Barr, page 322, Venders of merchandise must take out a license whether their sales amount to one thousand dollars or otherwise.

☞A man who had travelled last week through six counties in central Illinois, reports to the Chicago *Tribune*, that winter wheat promises to make a fine crop, and that the farmers feel greatly encouraged at the prospect.

☞The Democrats of Philadelphia met in Convention on the 29th ult., and nominated Dr. James M'Clintock for City Treasurer.—For the office of City Commissioner, Mr. Henry S. Borie, was nominated on the 9th ballot.

☞The Odd Fellows all over the country are making extensive preparations to celebrate the national jubilee of the order on the 26th day of April.

☞The Post-Master General has lately dismissed thirty-one special post-office agents, thus effecting a saving to the department of $36,000

☞The Government is about placing troops along the route to Kansas, to protect emigrants on their way to that Territory.

☞Adam Diller, a well known Democratic politician, died at his residence in Philadelphia, on Saturday last, aged sixty-eight years.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

The Democratic State Committee appointed by the President of the 16th of March Convention, met pursuant to the published call of the Chairman, at the Merchants' Hotel, Philadelphia, on Thursday, 17th inst., and after effecting permanent organization, adopted an Address written with great ability, and containing sound and wholesome views concerning the present condition of the party. The Address fully exposes the treacherous designs of Forney and his disorganizing co-adjutors, and distinctly draws a just and proper line of demarkation, beyond which no man dare place his foot and afterwards claim to be a Democrat. Though we shall publish this able and interesting document entire, in our next, we cannot refrain from giving our readers a foretaste of its qualities, by quoting in this connexion the concluding paragraph:

Democrats of Pennsylvania, with energetic preparation and with true hearts, we have victory within our grasp. Our lines broken, not by the enemy, who had not the strength to do it, but by *ourselves*, have been re-established. Our veteran legions, never yet beaten on an equal field, have been filled up with fresh levies—the old banners are being advanced, and we hear the steady tramp of a conquering army, and behold those flying hordes, whose robber-watchword is not patriotism or honor, nor the power and prosperity of the nation, but private booty, the oppression of classes, and lawless agitation against Governments and Constitutions. The time has gone by for small things and small men. We have something more serious to engage our attention and our efforts than the miserable trade carried on by base politicians, who are always in the habit of making their personal successes in acquiring offices, or personal disappointments, the test of the true value of principles or party. The Constitution—the Union—our free institutions—our prosperity—the security of property—our liberties—are all cast in the balance of a few years of political history. Should Pennsylvania, the hitherto great High Priestess of Peace and Law-abiding conservatism, veil her glorious countenance in sorrow, and surrender her trust and her person to the sectional Moloch, all is indeed lost! Rally, then—let all good men rally under the broad and glorious flag of the Democratic Convention. Its Platform is the official proclamation of principles and measures by the Democracy of Pennsylvania. The candidates nominated by the Convention are upright, intelligent and able men, without a stain on their reputation. Is it possible that you can be prevailed upon to desert it, and to bow down before the double-faced Idol of Know-Nothing Black Republican devotion—a thing you otherwise despise—because it may please certain vain apostates to throw a cover over its detestable features? No man who respects himself will be guilty of such moral and mental obliquity. Stand fast with the old Democracy and participate in our approaching triumphs; for as certain as our country survives, we also shall rise in the majesty of a just cause. Should you triumph with no worse come of it, your part of the rejoicing and profit will be, to march in the rear of a "fusion" procession, with the blush of shame upon your faces, hated and despised by your mongrel associates.

APPEAL TO THE People of the State of Pennsylvania, for the PURCHASE OF MOUNT VERNON.

Chosen to represent, in this State, the *Mount Vernon Ladies' Association of the Union*, I venture to appeal to the generous and patriotic people of Pennsylvania, on this day, the anniversary of the birth of WASHINGTON, for their aid, in unison with people of other States, to complete the purchase of MOUNT VERNON, the place of his residence and his tomb; and to secure it forever as a public and enduring monument of their unabated gratitude for his life-long services, and increasing veneration for his illustrious name. Gratitude to one whose life was so generous and exalted; veneration of an example, such as his, of virtues that have so elevated the character of a public man, may well enlist the deepest sympathies of the women of America, and embolden them to claim the aid, not of their own sex alone, but of every one who justly glories in being a countryman of WASHINGTON, and whose heart is moved by actions the purest and noblest that man can render to mankind.

The object of the *Mount Vernon Ladies' Association* is to obtain, by voluntary contributions, a sum necessary to purchase and hold forever, two hundred acres of the Mount Vernon Estate, including the mansion where WASHINGTON dwelt and died, his tomb, the garden and grounds around them, and the landing at the Potomac by which they are approached. To collect this sum, Vice-Regents have been appointed in different States, with lady-managers, associated committees of ladies, and advisory committees of gentlemen, in the various counties, cities, and principal towns.—Every person by whom one dollar, towards this fund, is paid, becomes thereby a permanent member of the Association, and is inscribed as such in a record which will be preserved at Mount Vernon. Similar arrangements will be immediately organized throughout the State of Pennsylvania, and a public announcement will be given of the persons by whom subscriptions will be received and the registry of the names be made.

A large amount has been already collected from places where these arrangements have been completed. The public press, so influential in good works, has lent its powerful aid.—Associations established for philanthropic purposes—the fraternity of Free Masons, to which WASHINGTON himself belonged; that of the Odd Fellows; the voluntary military companies and firemen, and numerous bodies assembling together for objects of utility and benevolence, have everywhere exhibited the deepest interest, and united in this noble effort with the most liberal spirit. Patriotic individuals have come forward, with prompt sympathy, to lead and encourage their several communities; and the cheering prospect is held out that this wide-pervading spirit, spreading through all parts of our common country, is insuring complete success.

Into this alliance of generous fellowship Pennsylvania is now to enter. Always distinguished by a devotion to works of voluntary benevolence, which is an inheritance blended with her name, she has, besides, peculiar associations connected with WASHINGTON, which relate to the noblest incidents of his great career. It was in Pennsylvania that, on the day when the delegates from the colonies first met together, he appeared among them to join in the task of forming a common country. It was in Pennsylvania that, with unexampled modesty, and touching expressions of anxious but devoted patriotism, he accepted the command of a little army, scarcely formed, and assumed the responsibilities of an arduous war. It was in Pennsylvania that, amid the fiercest severities of winter, with troops almost famishing and naked, he partook of their hardships, cheered their spirits, and kept them united to win the triumphs to which he afterwards led them. It was to his "fellow soldiers and faithful followers in the military line of Pennsylvania," that he expressed, when the war was closed, and with a mind deeply affected, his grateful sense of their attachment and aid. It was in Pennsylvania that he placed his all-conciliating name to the Constitution which has cemented the Union; it was here that he became its first and most illustrious President; it was here that he addressed to his country that memorable Farewell with which he closed his public and immortal career.

To ask, then, the women of Pennsylvania to unite with their sisters throughout the Union in this tribute to the memory of WASHINGTON—to appeal to all the people of Pennsylvania to give to this great object their generous encouragement and assistance—is but to solicit from them a patriotic service, to which they are called by associations connected with his memory that cannot be surpassed, nor hardly equalled, in any portion of that wide country which glories in his name.

LILY L. MACALESTER,
Vice-Regent for Penn'a of the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 22, 1859.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

A Mass Meeting of the Democrats of Bedford County, will be held at the Court House, on Monday evening of Court week, May 2d, for the purpose of ratifying the nominations of the 16th of March Convention. Rally! Democrats, Rally!

JACOB REED,
Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

☞A portion of what was once Gen. Cass' farm, and which he offered to sell twenty years ago, for $7,500, is now in the heart of the City of Detroit, and is valued at $3,000,000.

MARRIED:

On the 27th March, by J. M. Vanhorn, Esq., Mr. Samuel Demetrius Wolford, of Bellville, Richland Co., Ohio, to Miss Anna Eliza Waltman, of Friend's Cove, Bedford Co.

On the 1st day of April, by the same Mr. Abraham Ressler, to Miss Honor Mariah Perdew, all of Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

At the German Reformed Parsonage, in St. Clairsville, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. N. E. Gilds, Mr. Samuel Barley, of Middle Woodberry Township, to Miss Elizabeth Fickes, of Union Township, Bedford County, Pa.

DIED.

On the 10th inst., in St. Clairsville, Charles Aged 8 years, 7 months, and 12 days.

"From adverse blasts, and lowr'ing storms,
His favour'd soul he bore:
And with yon bright angelic forms,
He lives to die no more."

On the 30th of March, Mr. John Harkleroad Sen., of Friend's Cove, in the 80th year of his age.

FARREL, HERRING & CO.'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFE.

LATE FIRE IN DUBUQUE, IOWA.

Dubuque, Jan. 7, 1859.

Gents:—I am requested by Mr. T. A. C. Cochrane, of this place, to say to you that on the morning of the 4th instant, about 3 o'clock, his store took fire, and the entire stock of goods was destroyed. The heat became so suddenly intense that none of the goods could possibly be saved; but fortunately his books and papers which were in one of your Champion Safes, were all preserved jetfectly. And well they may be called Champion, for during the whole conflagration there was one incessant pouring of flame directly upon the safe which contained them. And still, upon opening it, the inside was found to be scarcely warm, while the outside was most severely scorched. Yours truly,

N. A. McCLURE.

Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes, with HALLS PATENT POWDER PROOF LOCKS, afford the greatest security of any safe in the world. Also Side-board and Parlor safes, of elegant workmanship and finish for plate &c.

FARREL, HERRING & CO, have removed from 34 WALNUT ST., to their new store NO 629 CHESTNUT ST., (JAYNES HALL) where the largest assortment of Safes in the world can be found.

FARREL, HERRING & Co.
629 CHESTNUT STREET,
(*Jayne's Hall*)
PHILADELPHIA

SHOE AND VARIETY STORE!



FERGUSON & MANSPEAKER

HAVE just opened their new and splendid assortment of Shoes and boots of every kind and description, for men, women, and children; also all kinds of goods except Dry Goods, including a little of every thing that others don't keep.

Call and see something new,
Every thing of each a few,
Shoes at *fifteen cents a pair*,
And boots at prices quite as rare.

In the variety department, are contained all kinds of brooms, brushes, and dusters, baskets, buckets, oil cloth for stairs and tables, Stationary of every kind. Hunting and fishing tackle, including powder in cans or by the pound, shot, lead and caps, fishing lines, hooks &c.—Also shoe furnishing, including shoe thread, binding, awls, pegs, knives &c. Teas, essence of coffee, salt, pepper, sugar, raisins, figs, dates, &c., &c., &c.

All of which will be sold for cash or Country produce.

ATTENTION, RIFLEMEN!

You are hereby ordered to meet at Bedford, on *Thursday*, the 5th day of *May* next, at 10 O'clock A. M., in Winter Uniform (with plume) with guns and accoutrements in good order for inspection, and it is expected that all the members will be present.

By order of the Capt.

Wm. Dibert, O. S.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS, drawn for May Term, 1st Monday, 2d day A. D. 1859.

Elias Gump, Esq. George Bowser, John Berkhimer Daniel Barley, John W. Beeler, John Dickey, Daniel L. Defibaugh, Jacob Evans, Joseph Foller, Henry Fluck, John P. Fluck, David C. Foor, David Horn, Lewis Koontz, D. S. Longanecker, John G. Minnich, Phillip G. Morgart, John May, David Patterson, Henry Smith, John Shrader, John Smith, David H. Wilt Jr.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS, for May Term 1859.

Peter Amich, John Alstadt, George R. Barndollar, Daniel Beegle, John Biddinger, William Bowles Peter Barton, John C Calhoun, Philip Clark, William Chenoweth, William Dicken, William Gorsuch Joseph Hickman, George Ickes, David Karns, Levi McGregor, Shannon Mullin, Isaac B. Mock, Joseph Mortimore, Mathew M. Peebles, George Potts, Robert Ralston, John Shafer, Jr., Abraham Sollenbarger, Samuel Stivers, Josiah Smith, Phillip Shriner, Robert M. Taylor, Cyrus Way, William Whetstone, David Walter, George Whip, Jesse Willis, Adam Weaverling, William A. Young, David Zimmers.

LIST OF CAUSES put down for trial at May Term (2d day) 1859

S McCauly & Co.,	"	John Davidson &Co.
Juniata School District	"	Joseph Nicodemus
John C. Rohm	"	The H. C. & I. Company
Henry Gates	"	Mifflin James.
Joseph Gonden	"	Wm. Shoemaker et al.
Jonathan H. Dicken	"	Jesse Dicken
John W. Beeler	"	M. Smith's Ex'rs.
Elizabeth Mason	"	William Derrimore
Isett, Weighton & Co.,	"	Madara, King &Co.

Prothy's Office, Bedford Ap'l 15'59

SAM'L H. TATE, Proth'y.

NOTICE.—The following named persons have filed petitions for license, in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, to be presented to said Court, on Tuesday, the 3d day of May, next, to wit:

Mrs. Mary Cook,	Bedford Borough,	Tavern.
John Hafer,	do	do
Valentine Steckman,	do	do
Jonathan Horton,	do	do
John G. Minnich,	do	Eating House.
Jacob Bolinger,	do	Eating House.
A G Allen,	Bedford Township,	Tavern.
Johnson Hafer,	do	do
Jas S. Beckwith,	Broad Top,	do
Geo W. Figart,	do	do
John Foster,	do	Eating House.
Jas. Eichelberger,	do	do
Jacob B Anderson,	Cumb. Valley,	do
Jacob Snider,	do	do
Andrew J Pennell,	Colerain,	do
Joshua Filler,	do	do
Joseph Foller,	Juniata,	do
Major Jas. Burns,	do	co
Peter Kinsey,	do	do
Martin Feichtner,	Harrison,	do
Richard Sill,	do	do
Catharine Tricker,	Liberty,	do
J. A. Raum,	do	do
James Burns,	Londonderry,	do
Jonathan Feightner,	do	do
Andrew Adams,	Monroe,	do
Mrs. Eliza Ritz,	do	do
John Dasher,	Hopewell,	do
George Stuckey,	Napier,	do
George W Gump,	do	do
D A T Black,	East Providence,	do
George Magraw,	do	do
Joseph Fisher,	West do	do
Henry C Lashley,	Southampton,	do
Bernard O'Neal,	do	do
Peter Amick,	St. Clair,	do
David Sleek,	do	do
Fred'k C. Mock,	do	do
George M Colvin,	Schellsburg, Bor.	do
John Robison,	do	do
Thomas J. Reighart,	Union,	do
Michael Wyant,	do	do
Henry Fluke,	Middle Woodberry,	do
Wm Pearson,	do	do
James L Prince,	South do	do

Bedford, Ap'l 8,'59

S. H. TATE, Clerk.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, at Bedford, April. 1, 1859.

☞Persons calling for letters in this list will please say they are advertised.

Arnold Eliz Mrs.	Lawson R
Amick Hetty Mrs	Miller John
Anderson S B	Miller John Dr
Barns Mary Mis	Miller Wm
Bowser Jacob	Miller John Wm
Bossler Philip	McConly David
Conders David	Mock Henry B
Colman G	Meloy John
Dull Daniel	Rippley William
Diehl Sarah A Miss	Reighard Absalom
Deatrick Harriet P Miss	Reymar Hetty
Eshelman J S	Ringler Emeline
Fry George	Roach Mary
Fisher Wm	Steel Charlotte Mrs
Fetters John	Stephey Andrew
Fright Wm	Shop Minerva Miss
Fashner Jacob	Swarts Eli
Gilmore John	Snider Jacob
Grane John	Weeght J H
Harshbarger Daniel	Williams John
Housholder Catharine	Whetstone David
Hammond J B	Wright Amanda Miss
Haslett Wm Jr	Walh G W
Long Peter	Young J M 2
Lee Morther	

JOHN A. MOWRY, P. M.

Marshall COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

MERCERSBURG, PA.

A Boarding School for Young Men and Boys.

Rev. JOS. S. LOOSE, A. M., Principal, Assisted by an efficient corps of Teachers.

THE Summer session of this Institution opens on the 1st of May. The buildings were erected for the use of Marshall College, at a cost of $30 000, and have been repaired and re-fitted and provided with a superior *Philosophical Apparatus*. After a successful experience of eight years in the business of teaching, the principal hopes to merit a full share of public patronage, and would invite the attention of parents and guardians to this Institution. Terms per session of 21 weeks, including Boarding, Tuition, washing and light $75. No extra charges. For futher information address

JOS. S. LOOSE,
Mercersburg,
Franklin Co., Pa.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Oster, Manspeaker & Carn*, is this day dissolved by limitation. The books of the late firm will be settled by Samuel Carn.

G. R. OSTER,
WM. MANSPEAKER,
SAMUEL CARN.

Bedford, April 1, 1859.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day associated themselves, and will continue the business at the OLD STAND, No. 1 CHEAP SIDE, under the firm of OSTER & CARN. G. R. OSTER,
Bedford, Ap'l 1,'59. SAM'L CARN.

TO OUR PATRONS.

THANKING you for the liberal share of your patronage and confidence bestowed on the late firm—we would respectfully solicit a continuance of your custom, assuring you that we will always use our best efforts to ensure both your custom and confidence. We expect in a few weeks to open out a magnificent stock of *New Spring and Summer Goods*, which we are determined to sell *Cheap for Cash*. So get your tin ready and wait for the wagon.

April 7, 1858.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—ALL persons interested, are hereby notified that the following named accountants, have filed their accounts in the Register's Office, of Bedford county, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said county for confirmation, on Tuesday, the 3d day of May, next, at the Court House, in Bedford.

The account of Jeremiah Shaw & Moses Shaw, executors of the last will and testament of Jas. Shaw, late of Monroe township, deceased.

The account of Philip Evans, guardian of Margaret Elizabeth Evans, minor child of William Evans, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

The account of Jesse Willis, executor of the last will and testament of Jesse Willis, late of St Clair township, deceased.

The account of William Figart, administrator of the estate of Michael Putt, late of Liberty township, deceased.

The account of William Iiams, administrator of the estate of William Iiams, late of Southampton township, dec'd.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator of the estate of Daniel Shea, late of Cumberland Valley township, dec'd.

The account of Jacob G. Dively, administrator of the estate of Frederick Claar, late of Union township, deceased.

The supplemental account of Charles Hoyman, one of the administrators of the estate of Sam'l Hoyman, late of Londonderry township, dec'd.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator of the estate of Philip Ickes, late of St Clair township, dec'd.

The account of Samuel L. Russell, Esq., administrator of the estate of Wm. Hotchkiss, late of Ohio, dec'd.

The account of Asa Stuckey, Esq., administrator of the estate of William Stuckey, Jr., late of Monroe township, dec'd.

The account of Alexander Holsinger, administrator of the estate of George Replogle, late of Middle Woodberry township, dec'd.

The account of R. D. Barclay, Esq., administrator of the estate of Michael Devine, late of Baltimore, Maryland, dec'd.

The account of Archibald Perdew, Esq., administrator of the estate of William Leasure, late of Southampton township, dec'd.

The account of Amariah Wilson, executor of the last will and testament of John Wilson, late of Napier township, deceased.

The account of E. J. Diehl, administrator of the estate of Sophia Mower, late of Colerain township, dec'd.

The account of Uriah Conley, administrator of the estate of Allen Conley, late of Napier township, dec'd.

The account of John S. Ritchey & Dan'l Diehl, executors of the last Will, &c., of Samuel Zimmers, late of Bedford township, dec'd.

The account of David F. Buck, administrator of the Estate of Frederick Smith, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd.

Register's Office, Bedford, Ap'l 8,'59 } SAM'L H. TATE, Register.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of fi. fa. & Vend. Exps to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 30th day of April, 1859 at 10 O'clock, A. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

All Defendants' John King, & Thomas King's, right title and interest, beingthe two undivided third parts thereof, in and to one tract of land, containing 237 acres, more or less: about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story mansion house, 13 tenant houses, store house, ware house, one iron forge, saw-mill, coal house, large new bank barn, 2 frame stables and other out-buildings thereon erected—also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of James Fink, Jacob Steel, John Gates, and others, known as the Bedford Forge property.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 206 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Lucinda Piper and others—known as the John McIlnay tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 5 acres, more or less, with a log house thereon erected, on the waters of Yellow Creek, adjoining lands of Piper and Fink, George, B. Kay's heirs and others, in the name of John King.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 402 acres, more or less; adjoining the Bedford Forge and others, in the name of Stephen Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 404 acres more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Richard Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 401 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Joseph Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 409 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, known in the name of Samuel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 421 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others in the name of Alexander Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 413 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John McIlnay.

ALSO- One tract of land containing 371 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of David Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 385 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Timothy Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Israel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 392 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Zachariah Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 421 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Boyd.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 429 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 432 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Isabel Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 441 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 477 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 442 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Ignatius Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 431 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of James Wilson.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 2372 acres, more or less; about 100 cleared and under fence with one charcoal furnace, one bloom forge, with four refining fires, one mansion house, one brick office and store house, ware house, 13 tenant houses, 6 stables, one blacksmith shop, one carpenter shop, coal house, iron house, and other out-buildings thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Eichelberger, on the North, Henry Gates and Eli Fluke, on the South and West, and Broad Top on the East—known as the Lemnos Iron Works property.

ALSO—One tract of land in Woodcock valley—known as the Bender ore bank, containing 256 acres, more or less; adjoining lands of Stephen Weimer and others.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 33 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, warranted in the name of Thomas and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 420 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Cheney.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 428 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Maria Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Hannah Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 426 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of George F. Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Peter Swope and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 70 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Casper Fluck; known as the Fluck ore bank.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 15 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others—known as the Daughinbaugh improvement.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; adjoining Martin Hoover on the West and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; adjoining Martin Hoover on the East and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract; and all the above described lands situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John King and Thomas King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 80 acres, more or less; about 8 acres cleared and under fence adjoining lands of William A. Mock, Anthony Mock, and others.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 7 acres, more or less; all cleared and under fence, with a frame dwelling house, barn, stable, saw-mill & other out buildings thereon erected—adjoining lands of John Allison, John Mock and others; all situated in Union Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel M. Griffith.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 40 acres more or less; about all cleared and under fence, with a two story log house and log stable thereon erected—adjoining lands of James Price, Henry Gates, and others situate in Hopewell Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

ALSO—All Def't Thomas King's right, title and interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less, in the name of Mary Montgomery—adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq., John Ford and others.

ALSO—One other thereof, containing 463 acres, more or less; in the name of Margaret Montgomery—adjoining the above described tract and others.

ALSO—One other thereof, containing 431 acres, more or less; in the name of John Montgomery—adjoining the above described trace and others, all situated in Broad Top Township. Bedford County.

ALSO—One other tract of land containing 71 acres and 62 perches, situate on Sandy Run, in Broad Top Township, Bedford County—adjoining lands of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, James Patton, and John Cessna—being part of a larger survey made on a warrant to Mordecai Williams, dated August 14th 1790, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

ALSO—All Def't John King's right title and interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less; in the name of Mary Montgomery—adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq., John Ford, and others.

ALSO—One other thereof, containing 431 acres, more or less; in the name of John Montgomery—adjoining the above described tract and others—all situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John King.

ALSO—All the right, title and interest of Deft. Henry S. King, being the one undivided third part thereof, of, in & to one tract of land, containing 237 acres, more or less; about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story mansion house, 13 tenant houses, store house, ware house, one iron forge, saw-mill, coal house, large new bank barn, 2 frame stables and other out-buildings thereon erected—also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of James Fink, Jacob Steel, John Gates and others, known as the Bedford Forge property.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 2372 acres, more or less; about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with one charcoal furnace, one bloom forge, with four refining fires, one mansion house, one brick office and store house, ware house, 13 tenant houses, 6 stables, one blacksmith shop, one carpenter shop, coal house, iron house, and other out-buildings thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Eichelberger, on the North, Henry Gates and Eli Fluck, on the South and West, and Broad Top on the East—known as the Lemnos Iron Works property.

The interest of Henry S. King, in the two parcels of land above mentioned and described, is subject to a Mortgage given by him to Florence Kramer, and dated May 21, 1858, and recorded in Mortgage Book B. of Bedford county page 322 &c., and is levied upon and will be sold subject to the balance due on said Mortgage.

ALSO—All the interest of said defendant, being the one undivided third part thereof, of, in and to one tract of land containing 206 acres, more or less; about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Lucinda Piper and others—known as the John McIlnay tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 5 acres more or less; with a log house thereon erected, on the waters of Yellow Creek; adjoining lands of Piper and Fink, George B. Kay's heirs and others, in the name of John King.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 402 acres, more or less; adjoining the Bedford Forge and others, in the name of Stephen Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 401 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Richard Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 401 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Joseph Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 409 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Samuel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 421 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Alexander Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 413 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John McIlnay.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of David Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 385 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Timothy Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Israel Moon.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 392 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Zachariah Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 421 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Boyd.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 429 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 432 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Isabel Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 441 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 477 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 442 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Ignatius Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 431 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of James Wilson.

ALSO—One tract of land in Woodcock valley—known as the Bender ore bank, containing 256 acres; more or less; adjoining lands of Stephen Weimer and others.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 33 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, warranted in the name of Thomas and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 420 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Cheney.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 428 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Maria Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 371 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Hannah Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 426 acres; more or less; adjoining the above and others in the name of George F. Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Peter Swope and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 70 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, in the name of Casper Fluck; known as the Fluck ore bank.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 15 acres, more or less; adjoining the above and others, known as the Daughinbaugh improvement.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; adjoining Martin Hoover on the West and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less; adjoining Martin Hoover on the East and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract; and all the above described lands situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, seized and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King.

ALSO.—All Def't Henry S. King's right, title and interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less in the name of Mary Montgomery, adjoining lands of John Cessna Esq., John Ford and others.

ALSO—One other thereof containing 431 acres, more or less, in the name of John Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others, all situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One other tract of land containing 71 acres and 62 perches situate on Sandy Run, in Broadtop Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, James Patten, and John Cessna, being a part of a larger survey made on a warrant to Mordecia Williams, dated August 14th, 1790, and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King.

ALSO—One tract of land situate in South Woodberry township Bedford County containing one hundred and twenty six acres more or less about five acres cleared and under fence and the balance well timbered adjoining lands of John Furney, David Brumbaugh and others, and being part of a tract of land surveyed on a warrant in the name of William Montgomery and known as the John Moore tract and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King

ALSO—By virtue of a writ of *Levari Facias* to me directed there will be sold at the same time and place all the defendant's interest in and to a certain tract of land situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County, bounded by land formerly owned by Joseph Evans, Josiah Horton and James Cunningham, & Co. containing 106½ acres more or less and allowance of six per cent with the appurtenances, being the same tract of land known formerly as the Abner Horton tract taken in execution as the property of William Patton.

ALSO—Two lots of ground in the Town of Clearville, fronting 120 feet on main street and extending back 173 feet to an alley, with a two story log dwelling house thereon erected—adjoining lots of Rev. Thomas Heyden, on the east, and an alley on the west, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Mathew Murray and Sarah Ann Murray.

ALSO—One lot of ground in Waterstreet, fronting 52 feet on the turnpike road and extending back about 400 feet, with an earthen and stone-ware pottery thereon erected—adjoining Mrs. Susan Potter and others.

ALSO—All Deft's right title and interest, in and to one other lot fronting 65 feet on the turnpike and extending back about 400 feet with a frame dwelling house, cabinet shop, frame stable and other out buildings thereon erected—adjoining the above described lot, Daniel Bare and others, situate in South Woodberry Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Wm. G. Eicholtz

ALSO—One tract of land containing 76 acres, more or less; about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house and log stable thereon erected—adjoining lands of Henry Mock, Moses McIlvaine, Joseph Corle and others, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Lingenfelter.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 160 acres, more or less; 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected—adjoining lands of Michael Miller, John S. Hetrick and others.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 3 acres, more or less; unimproved—adjoining lands of Moses F. Marshall and Joseph W. Sleek, all situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 50 acres, more or less; about 15 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story stone dwelling house, log grist mill, saw mill, tenant house and other out buildings thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon—adjoining lands of Widow Reiminger, Joseph W. Sleek and others.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land containing 30 acres, more or less; adjoining lands of William Penrose, George Ow and others, and all situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel W. Crisman.

ALSO—All the Defendants' interest, in and to a certain tract of land situate on Six Mile Run in the Township of Broadtop—adjoining lands of Duvall, Williams, Anderson, Wilson, and others, containing one hundred and five acres, more or less; being part of a larger tract of land surveyed in the name of R. Foster.

ALSO—One other tract of land surveyd in the name of Septimus Foster containing 18 acres and 30 perches, with the rights and privileges thereunto belonging andsituate in Broad top Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William H. Irvine and Abraham Rothrock.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Ap'l 8,'59. } WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. **FRANCIS M. KIMMELL**, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and JOHN G. HARTLEY and A. J. SNIVELY, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 1st Monday of May, (being the 2d day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 8 day of April, in the year of our Lord 1859.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

OLIVER C. CLARK. SAM'L M. HALLER.

O. C. CLARK & CO.,

Flour, Feed, Grocery and Produce Store.

Central Street, next door above Lutheran Church, Cumberland, Md.

A well selected stock is now open and offered to families and country dealers, consisting of *Family Extra, and Superfine Flour, Corn Meal, Corn and Rye Chopped, Shorts, Ship Stuff and Bran, New Orleans, Porto Rico, Muscavado and refined sugars, Golden and S. H. Molasses, Imperial, Young Hyson and Black Tea, Java and Rio Coffee of the best quality. All kinds of Spices. Pickles in barrels and jars, Candles, Soap, Mackerel and Herring, Water, Sugar, Soda, Edinburg & Ginger Crackers, Peaches, Strawberries, Pine Apple and Green Corn, put up in cans expressly for family use. A choice lot of* Liquors, consisting of Wines, Brandies, Rum and Whiskey, selected with care. Tobacco and Segars of various kinds. With a variety of other articles usually found in store.

Additions to the above stock will be frequently made so as to keep up a general assortment, and all dealers are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of grain and country produce bought for cash, or in exchange for goods.

Cumberland, April 8, 1859.

All kinds of goods sold at REED & MINNICH'S for Cash or Produce.

Iron City College

$40 00

Pays for a full course in the Iron City College, the largest, most extensively patronized and best organized Commercial School in the United States.

357 Students attending Daily, March, 1859.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any business, and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1000

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

51 *Premiums for best Penmanship awarded in 1858.*

☞Ministers' sons received at half price.

For Circular and Specimens of Writing, inclose two letter stamps, and address

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. J. MULLIN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and DENTIST,

SCHELLSBURG, Pennsy vania.

OFFERS his services to the public in the practice of medicine—will attend promptly to all calls entrusted to his care. He will also perform all operations on the teeth in a neat and scientific manner. Teeth plugged and inserted from a single tooth to

AN ENTIRE SET,

mounted on gold or silver plate, on the latest and most approved principles.

TERMS *moderate* and all operations *warranted.*

St. Clair Township

AGAINST THE WORLD, FOR

Good Earthen Ware!

A liberal discount made to wholesale purchasers. All orders addressed to Schellsburg, Bedford County, Pa., punctually attended to.

April 5, 1859-3m. WM. KIRK.

PERMANENT OFFICE.

Complying with the urgent request of hundreds of their patients,

DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SIKES,

Have concluded to remain

PERMANENTLY IN PITTSBURGH,

and may be consulted at their office,

NO. 191 PENN STREET,

Opposite St. Clair Hotel,

Daily, except Sundays for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all other Chronic Complaints, complicated with or causing pulmonary diseases, including Catarrh, Heart Disease, Affections of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Female Complains, &c. DRS. FITCH & SIKES, would state that their treatment of Consumption is based upon the fact that the disease exists in the blood and system at large, both before and during its development in the lungs, and they therefore employ Mechanical, Hygienic and Medecinal Inhalations, which they value highly, but only as Palliatives, (having no Curative effect when used alone,) and Invalids are earnestly cautioned against wasting the precious time of curability on any treatment based upon the plausible, but false idea that the "seat of the disease can be reached in a direct manner by Inhalation," for as before stated, the seat of the disease is in the blood and its effects only in the lungs.*

☞*NO CHARGE FOR CONSULTATION.*☜

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter. (april, 8,'59-1y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court to state an account of the Guardianship of Robert Graham, who was Guardian of George Robb, will attend for that purpose at his office, in Bedford, on Thursday, the 21st day of April, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M, when and where all persons interested may attend.

ap'l 7,'59. JNO. MOWER, Auditor.

UBMRELLAS & PARASOLS.

THE subscriber, manufacturer of the best quality OF

— PARASOLS & UMBRELLAS —

invites the attention of CASH and close buyers to his SPRING STOCK, which for variety and styles cannot be surpassed.

JOSEPH FUSSELL,
No. 2, North Fourth Street, Philadelphia.

NOTICE.—WE, the undersigned, wishing to close our business of merchandising at Chaneysville, Bedford county, will offer for sale, or rent, our situation, consisting of a large Dwelling House, STORE HOUSE, Large Stable and three-fourths of an acre of land. Any person wishing to have a good situation for a country store, would do well in purchasing this property, as the location is a good one and cannot be excelled in the county for that purpose, there being no opposition in the township, or near the place, and situate right on the cross roads leading to Cumberland and elsewhere—near Hank's Tannery, O'Neal's Mill, Adam's Mill, and also one of the most public places to be found. Any one wishing to purchase a location of this kind will call on J. KIRK, near Warfordsburg, Fulton County, or A. FLETCHER, at Chaneysville, Monroe township, Bedford County. Terms, moderate.

April 8, 1859.

Dr. John Compher vs Ellen Compher. } No. 25, February Term, 1859, in the Common Pleas of Bedford County.

Alias Subpœna on Libel for Divorce.

Notice is hereby given to the Defendant, in the above stated case, that a subpœna and alias subpœna on libel for divorce, have been issued—the last of said writs returnable to February Term, and that the said defendant is required to appear on or before the 1st Monday, 2d day of May, next, to answer to the complaint of the Plaintiff, as provided for by the act of assembly, and herein fail not.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Jan 14, 1859.

I. O. of O. F.

The Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the U. S. having appointed Tuesday the 26th day of April next [being the Fortieth anniversary of the founding of the American branch of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows] to be observed by all the Grand and Working Lodges in the United States as "a day of thanksgiving to Divine Providence for the unexampled prosperity, which has attended the order since its organization on this Continent," and the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of Penna., having granted a dispensation to all the subordinate Lodges under its Jurisdiction, to celebrate the day as [in accordance with the laws of the order] they may deem best; Bedford Lodge, No. 202, contemplate holding on that day a procession in full Regalia. Public Exercises will be held in the M. E. Church at 10½ o'clock A. M., when addresses suitable to the occasion will be delivered. The public are respectfully invited to attend. Neighboring Lodges are expected to participate in the exercises; a full attendance of the members is requested.

Committee of Arrangements } A. Ferguson, T.R. Gettys, Jr. A. J. Sansom.

Bedford, April 1, 1859.—3t.

LIST OF RETAILERS

Of Foreign and Domestic Goods, Wares and Merchandise of Bedford County, for the year 1859.

	Class.	License.
Bedford Borough.		
Oster, Manspeaker & Carn,	13	10 00
A. B. Cramer & Co.,	13	10 00
Nicholas Lyons,	14	7 00
Reed & Minnich,	13	10 00
John Alsip,	14	7 00
Miss Margaret Fetterly,	14	7 00
Samuel Shuck & Co.,	14	7 00
Robert Fyan,	14	7 00
J. & J. M. Shoemaker,	14	7 00
Sarah E. Potts,	14	7 00
Isaac Lippel,	14	7 00
Colin Loyer,	14	7 00
Agnes Saupp,	14	7 00
John Arnold,	14	7 00
William Hartley,	14	7 00
George Blymire,	14	7 00
Dr. B. F. Harry,	14	7 00
Dr. F. C Reamer & Co.	14	7 00
A. Ferguson & Co.,	14	7 00
A. L. Defibaugh,	8	5 00
Jacob Bolinger,	8	5 00
Bedford Township.		
John B. Furney,	14	7 00
John S. Ritchey, Distillery,	4	5 00
Broad Top Township.		
John F. Lowry,	14	7 00
Colerain Township.		
A C James,	14	7 00
N C Evans,	14	7 00
J & J M Shoemaker,	14	7 00
Cumberland Valley tp.		
Jacob Anderson,	14	7 00
John May, Jr.,	14	7 00
Daniel R. Anderson,	14	7 00
Thomas Growden,	14	7 00
East Providence tp.		
John Nycum,	14	7 00
D A T Black,	14	7 00
Hopewell Township.		
Henry S King,	14	7 00
Harrison Township.		
Valentine B. Wertz,	14	7 00
John W. Smith,	14	7 00
Juniata Township.		
William Keyser,	14	7 00
Hilligas & Mowry,	14	7 00
Lewis N Fyan,	14	7 00
Liberty Township.		
Lewis Putt,	14	7 00
John Cypher,	14	7 00
Steel & Entrican,	14	7 00
Jacob Fockler,	14	7 00
Londonderry Township.		
Jacob Devore,	14	7 00
Thomas J Porter,	14	7 00
Monroe Township.		
Daniel Fletcher,	14	7 00
James R. O'Neal,	14	7 00
Napier Township.		
John Wade,	14	7 00
Peter Hilligas, Distillery,		25 00
West Providence Township.		
Jacob Barndollar,	13	10 00
James M Barndollar and Son,	13	10 00
Thomas Ritchey,	14	7 00
Snake Spring Township.		
Nicholas Koontz	14	7 00
Schellsburg Borough.		
B F Horn and Brothers.	14	6 00
A B Bunn,	14	7 00
E Statler and Son,	14	7 00
John A Colvin,	14	7 00
John S Schell,	14	7 00
A J Snively,	14	7 00
John Smith,	14	7 00
Miller and Blackburn,	14	7 00
Duncan McVicker,	14	7 00
St. Clair Township.		
F D Beegle,	14	7 00
George B Amick,	14	7 00
George Hinesling,	14	7 00
G D Trout,	14	7 00
Southampton Township.		
Kirk and Fletcher,	14	7 00
Henry C Lashley,	14	7 00
Union Township.		
John M Walter,	14	7 00
Middle Woodberry Township.		
Jacob Brenaman,	14	7 00
C W Richardson.	14	7 00
G R Barndollar,	14	7 00
Abraham L Beckhoeffer,	14	7 00
South Woodberry Township.		
Piper and Scott,	14	7 00
S R Oster,	14	7 00
George Kauffman,	14	7 00
D F Buch,	14	7 00
D Beegle,	14	7 00

NOTICE is hereby given that an Appeal will be held at the Commissioners' Office, in Bedford, on Saturday, the 7th day of May, next.

LEVI AGNEW,
Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes for the year 1859.

April 1, 1859.

To Let.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH offers for rent, from the first day of June, next, the house and Store room which she now occupies. Any person wishing to engage in business, or to occupy it as a private dwelling will find it very desirable.

April 1, '59. Address,—Bedford, Pa.

Wanted.

Millwright Journeymen and apprentices wanted. Apply soon to the subscriber at Schellsburg, Bedford County, Pa., S. D. BROAD.

April 1, 1859.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS.

AT an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 14th day of February, A. D., 1859, before the Judges of the same Court.

On motion of John P. Reed, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Philip H. Hoover, late of Juniata township, dec'd, to wit: Catharine, Peggy, Maria, Susana, Betty, George, Henry, John, William, Philip, and Jacob Hoover, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the first Monday 2d day of May next, to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said deceased, at the Valuations or show-cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

In testimony whereof, I have here unto set [L. S.] my hand and the Seal of the said Court at Bedford, the 22d day of February, A. D., 1859. SAM'L H. TATE, Clerk.

Attest.—WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Annette Gonden vs. Joseph Gonden. } Fi.fa No. 91, February Term 1859—In the Common Pleas of Bedford County.

February 18th, 1859.—The petition of Sheriff Fluke was read and filed, setting forth, that on the above writ, the Sheriff returns a sale of an interest in realty for the sum of $115,00, that a dispute is likely to arise in the distribution of the money, and praying the Court to appoint an auditor to distribute the same, whereupon on motion of Mr. Shannon, G. W. Benford, Esq., appointed auditor to make a distribution of said money upon usual notice.

In testimony whereof, I have here unto set my hand and the seal of said Court at Bedford the 22nd day of February, A. D 1859.

SAM'L H. TATE, Prothonotary.

NOTICE.—I will attend to the duties of the above appointment at my office in Bedford, on Wednesday, the 21st day of April, inst., where all persons interested can attend.

GEO. W. BENFORD, Auditor.

April 1, 1859.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS, HEIRS, &c.

ESTATE OF JAMES WEMMER, DEC'D.

The Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to distribute the funds in the hands of Mrs. Mahala Wemmer, Administratrix of the estate of James Wemmer, dec'd, hereby gives notice to the creditors, heirs, and all parties interested in said estate, that he will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, the fifteenth day of April, 1859, at one o'clock, P. M., of said day at his office in Bedford.

R. D. BARCLAY, Auditor.

March 31, 1859.

Guardian's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orpoans' Court of Bedford county, the subscriber will sell at public sale,

AT THE COURT HOUSE,

IN THE BOROUGH OF BEDFORD, ON SATURDAY, THE 23d DAY OF APRIL, 1859,

That certain Lot of Ground, late the property of Philip Weisel, deceased, situate on the corner of John Street and "Watson's addition," containing 77 feet front on John Street and running with the public road 200 feet to an alley.

TERMS.—One third to remain in the lot for the use of the widow, one half the balance at the confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year without interest; to be secured by bonds, or bonds and mortgage. Possession given immediately.

ABRAHAM WEISEL, Guardian.

Mar. 25,'59-4t.

Assignee's Account.

Notice is hereby given to all concerned, that the account of David Patterson, John P. Reed and John Mower, Assignees of Christian Stouffer has been exhibited and filed in the Court of Common Pleas, in and for Bedford County, and that the same will be allowed on Monday the 2d day of May next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

S. H. TATE, Prothonotary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted by the Register, &c., of Bedford County to the undersigned, upon the estate of Elizabeth Mixsell, late of Snake Spring Township, deceased, Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

PHILIP RICHEY, Administrator.

April 1, '59.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted by the Register of Bedford County to the undersigned on the last Will and Testament of Daniel Bussard, late of West Providence township, deceased—and that all persons indebted to the Estate are hereby required to make immediate payment and those having claims on said Estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SPARKS, Ex'r of Daniel Bussard, dec'd.

Mar.25,'59.

Executors' Notice.

LETTERS Testamentary on the last Will and Testement of Emanuel Bassler, late of Middle Woodberry township, Bedford county, dec'd, having been granted to the subscribers residing in said township. Notice is therefore given to all person indebted to said estate to make payment to them immediately, and those having claims will present them forthwith, properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL BASSLER,
DAVID BOYER,
Executors.

Mar 25'59-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of administration on the estate of Eliel Allen, late of Napier township, Bedford county, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said township—notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them forthwith properly authenticated for settlement.

B. H. WALKER, Adm'r.

Mar. 25, 1859-6t.

AUDIT.

Jacob Riffle's Estate: The undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Bedford Co., to examine the exceptions filed to the account of J. C. Riffle, Administrator of Jacob Riffle, and to make distribution of the balance in the hands of said Administrator, will meet the parties in interest at the Court House in Bedford on Thursday the 21st day of April next, at one o'clock P. M., when and where all who see proper may attend.

FR. JORDAN, Auditor.

April 1, 1859.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to take an assignment of a note given by the subscriber with David Anderson as security, to Wm. Woy, on the 4th March, 1859, for $85 50 cts., payable six months after date, as I received no value for the same and will not pay unless compelled by law.

Mar. 25,'59. SAM'L H. ANDERSON.

SAVE COSTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has placed his books, accounts, &c., in the hands of R. D. Barclay, Esq., who is authorized to collect and receipt for the same. All persons indebted are requested to make speedy settlements, as it will be to their interests to do so.

MICHAEL BANNON.

March 18, '59

THE Harvest KING.

Price $115 Delivered in Bedford.

A NEW REAPER AND MOWER.

Manufactured by Ficky Brothers, Baltimore, Md.

The Harvest King is an adjustable cam and differs essentially in construction from all other machines in the market; its simplicity of construction, admits its being put together and worked by any ordinary field hand, and renders it less liable to get out of order, it cuts a swarth of 5½ feet, has levers for raising and lowering, and throwing out of gear, it was successfully used during the harvest of 1858, and was awarded the first premium by the Maryland Institution, in November last. For sale by Wm. Hartley, Bedford. Call at Hartley's Hardware Store and see this Machine.

March 18, 1 mo.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby notified that I have purchased at Sheriffs Sale one lot of Tinner Machines, Hand Tools, Patterns &c. Also the entire lot of stock and tin ware in the shop lately occupied by Abraham Herman—as whose property the same was sold.

I also hereby give notice that I have hired said Herman, and will hereafter carry on the Tinning business at the shop formerly occupied by him on Julianna Street. Notice is further given that the Books of said Herman now belong to me and any persons having accounts will please present them to Samuel Radebaugh Esq., for settlement without delay.

Feb, 25, 1859. SAMUEL BARNHART.

Medical Co-partnership.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, in the village of St. Clairsville. Night calls promptly attended to. Office opposite the St Clair Inn.

WM. A. VICKROY,
G. W. STATLER.

Feb. 11,'59.

SURVEYING.

O H. GAITHER will promptly attend to all surveying business that may be entrusted to him. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the Inquirer office.

BURNING FLUID and PINE OIL

Always to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

FOR SALE, or Trade.

A FARM WITHIN ONE

mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

A farm in Morrison's cove, adjoining lands of David Stuckey, Barley's heirs, Jacob Furry and others, containing about 200 acres, one half cleared and the balance well timbered, with an abundance of locust and chestnut timber. There are several never failing springs upon the premises with a constantly stream running through the farm. There is also a large and thrifty young orchard bearing fruit thereon. The improvements are a rough cast House, Log Barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa, of first class prairie, close to timber and within a few miles of the Missouri river above Council Bluffs.

ALSO,

334 acres in Story county, Iowa.

ALSO,

113 acres in Pottowattamie county, Iowa, near Council Bluffs.

ALSO

Lot no 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

640 acres in Ripley County, Missouri.

—ALSO—

1280 acres of land in Austin county, Texas, East of the Brazos River on the Texas Central Rail Road, which runs through the land. It is well watered being upon the head waters of Cypress Creek.

—ALSO—

320 acres in Comanche county, Texas, on Wresler's Creek, 4 miles East of the Leon River, and on the line of the Memphis and El Passo Rail Road, now in process of construction.

ALSO,

The farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining Bloomfield Furnace, known as the "Pearson property" lately owned by David Daniels, containing 131 ceres and 60 perches, with excellent orchard of fruit trees thereon and never failing water at the door. The improvements are one large frame House, one log House and barn, with convenient out-buildings. The land is good—produces well and is in a high state of cultivation. A good pike is close by leading to Hollidaysburg which with the Furnaces make a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce.

Jan. 7, '59. O. E. SHANNON.

J. W. SCOTT.

(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott.)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store and

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

No. 814 Chestnut Street,

(Nearly opposite the GIRARD HOUSE.)

PHILADELPHIA.

☞ J. W. SCOTT, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guarantied. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS.

October, 8, 1858–1y.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,

Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor,

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞ Office one door West of the Union Hotel.

For Sale.

THE undersigned, intending to retire from business, offers her entire Stock of Goods at wholesale. To any one wishing to engage in merchandising, this offer presents a favorable opportunity, as the location is a good one, room newly fitted up, goods almost all new, and a good run of custom established. For further information, address

Mrs. H. D. PEUGH,

jan 21, '59. Bedford, Pa.

GARDEN & FIELD SEEDS.

GENUINE, FRESH AND RELIABLE.

WM. HARTLEY will have on hand in a few days, a large lot of his celebrated Garden Seeds of all kinds. Don't waste your money and labor in buying the New York *trash*, kept generally in the Stores. Hartley's Seeds never fail. Silver skin seed onions wanted.

March 4,'59.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH wishes to retire from business, and will sell an entire Stock of goods at cost! Ladies wishing to supply themselves with goods at wholesale prices, would do well to call before the following handsome articles are disposed of.

Rich silks, French Merinos, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Poplins, French and American De Laines, Velvets' Shawls, Cloaks, Mantles, Ladies' and Childrens' Furs' Clouds, Hoods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, French Work, Gloves, Hosiery, Shoes, Jewelry, Perfumery, and an endless variety of Fancy Goods,

Milliners would find it to their advantage to examine the assortment in the Millinery department.

Dec. 17, 1858.

Just received at J. & J. M. Shoemaker's Colonade Store, Muslins, Calicoes, Ginghams, Drillings, Satinetts, Casimeres, Cotton, &c.

ALSO—A fresh supply of Sugar, Coffee, Syrup Molasses, Fish, Brooms, Teas, Indigo, Hummel's Essence of Coffee, Spices, &c., all of which will be sold cheap.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER.

March 4,'59.

TO MILL OWNERS!

S. D. BROAD has made Schellsburg his permanent residence, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Mill Wright line, on the most approved and durable plans, and reasonable terms.

He has on hand the most improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Brushes, Anchor Bolting Cloths, both new and old, at city prices. Mill Burs can be procured from him and shipped to any point.

Also—Agent for McCormick's Reaper and Mower for Bedford and Blair Counties.

S. D. BROAD.

Schellsburg, Bedford Co., March 4, 1859.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the Estate of Catherine Thomas, dec'd. All persons having claims against the same are requested to present them for settlement, and all persons indebted, are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN McCREARY, Ad'r.

Juniata Tp., Bedford Co.

March 4,'59.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned apointed auditor by the Orphans Court of Bedford County to distribute the funds remaining in the hands of the Administrator of John Seigle, dec'd, will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday the 20th day of April, next, when and where all persons interested may attend.

O. H. GAITHER,

March 4,'59. Auditor.

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100 100 **100**

ONE Hundred different sizes of best rolled Irns Also, Shovel moulds & Hammered Iron, may beford at Hartley's Hardware store, at very low figurehao CASH, or short approved credit.

Feb 18, '59.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

MRS. COOK would announce to her friends and the public, that the Washington Hotel is now fitted up in superior order for the accommodation of guests, and she hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of custom. Persons visiting the Mineral Springs will find in the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

☞ A young gentleman of high qualification and courteous deportment has charge of the establishment.

☞ The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel.

☞ Terms as moderate as any other house in the place.

☞ Daily Mail Stages from Alaquippa and Cumberland—also tri-weekly Lines from Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg stop at this Hotel.

Bedford, April 25, 1856.

A CARD.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

RAINSBURG, Pa.

The summer term will open Aug. 5th. Fall term, Oct. 21st, 1858, and winter term, Jan. 18th. Spriag term, April 5th, 1859.

☞ Circulars with full particulars may be had of W. W. BRIM, A. B., Principal.

N. B. Half the tuition must be paid in *advance*. Students coming to this institution will be conveyed free of charge from Bedford, on the 17th January, by addressing a letter to Mr. Samuel Williams, of Rainsburg.

Rainsburg, Bedford co., June 4, '57–1y.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1855.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Henry S. King and James Madara, under the name and firm of Madara, King & Co., doing business at Lemon's Iron Works, in Hopewell township, Bedford county, is dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY S. KING,

Nov. 2, 1857. JAMES MADARA

The business of manufacturing iron at Lemon' Iron Works, will be continued by the undersigned, who has purchased all the interest of his late partners James Madary, in the Books property and effects belonging to the late firm of Madara, King & Co.

Nov. 20. 1857. HENRY S. KING.

BEDFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

THIS SCHOOL will open on Monday the 21st of February, in the LARGE BRICK BUILDING, heretofore occupied by the Rev. Geo. W Aughinbaugh. The services of Miss S. E. Montgomery a young Lady of thorough education, and well versed in the "Art of Teaching," have been secured to take charge of the Female department.

Persons from different parts of the county wishing to prepare themselves for teaching, will find it to their advantage by attending this Institution, as special care will be taken with them, in the branches taught in the 'Common Schools," *under the supervision of the County Superintendent.*

The Session will be divided into two Quarters of 11 weeks each.

Tuition per Quarter,	Primary Branches	$3 00
Common English		4 00
Higher do		5 00
Classics		6 25

Students entering before the middle of the Quarter will be charged full tuition. Those entering after that time, will be charged half tuition No deduction made, unless in case of protracted sickness.

D. O. SHOEMAKER,

Bedford, Feb. 15. 1859. *Principal*

I take pleasure in recommending Mr Shoemaker to the patronage of the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. His success *as a teacher* is well established. I believe him to be fully qualified to teach all the branches he proposes to teach.

G. W. AUGHINBAUGH.

Bedford Foundry.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce, to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

Grist and Saw-mills, Threshing Machines *Ploughs, Apple-mills, Cooking,* TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

Ploughs.--- Woodcock, Seyler and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the immergencies of the times, we will

sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'59-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

PURE WHITE LEAD, FLAXSEED OIL and Spirits Turpentine, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

LUMBER FOR SALE.—White and Yellow Pine Boards, Plastering and Shingling Lath and bills furnished to order by

REED & MINNICH.

Overland California Mail Route!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER

HAVE just received a large assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting in part of calicoes from 6¼ cents to 12½ cents per yard, Delaines, Coburgs, Parmetta Cloths, black and fancy silks, Merinoes, Plaids, Flannels. A large assortment of Shawls of all colors and prices Swiss Cambricks, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Shirl and Drawers, bleached and unbleached Muslins o all prices & widths, Cloths and Cassimeres, Satinetts Jeans, Tweeds, and in fact every thing generally in country stores. Also, a large assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS CAPS,

Comforts, Cravats. Also, Queensware, Hardware Buckets, Groceries of all kinds, with a general assortment of spices, &c. We invite all to call and see our stock of goods for we are determined to se to suit the times for cash or approved produce.

Oct 23, 1858

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers, and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK.

October 30, 1857. C. W. ASHCOM.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY

AND

Machine Shop!

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1856.

The "Right of Search"

WILL not be denied to any one wishing to purchase a new coat at Loyer's

Emporium

OF FASHION!

where has just been received a large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's dress and furnishing goods, consisting, in part, of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS
CRAVATS,
GLOVES, &c., &c.

all of which are offered to the public at a low figure.

Clothes made to order on short notice.

Call and buy one of those beautiful coats made only by

Colin Loyer, Merchant TailoR,
Of the finest fashionable
Lasting goods, both plain and fancY,
Bedford ever brought to
Neatly clothe "ye people" civiL.

Bedford, July 2, 1858.

A. B. Cramer & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

all of which have been purchased since the great

DECLINE IN PRICES EAST.

Our ASSORTMENT is the best we have ever offered, including all the

NEWEST STYLES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Unprecedented bargains will be offered our friends and customers for CASH, or PRODUCE. A liberal credit will be given to those only, who will PROMPTLY settle their accounts every January by Cash or Note.

No trouble to show goods.—Call and see the bargains. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Oct., 29, 1858.

For pimples and wrinkles and freckles and tan,
Nothing has ever been discovered by man,
Like that wonnerful product of tropical bowers,
The popular "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."
to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store
March 6, 1857.

Country Physicians can have their orders filled at City prices at Dr. Harry's.

Bedford, Dec 5, 1856.

☞ Adams & Co. have established their Express on the H. & B. T. R. R. and appointed C. W. ASHCOM, Esq., agent at Hopewell.

LUMBER.—Twenty Thousand feet of Spruce & Pine Boards, also a large supply of Poplar Scantling—for sale by A. B. CRAMER & Co

Feb 19, 1858

AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE of Hair and tooth brushes at Dr. Harry' Drug and Book Store. [july 30,

---

Bazin's & Lubin's Extract for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c. for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

CALICOES, MUSLINS, and other goods just received at Reed and Minnich's. Call and see them.

OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT, cheap, durable and pretty, already ground at Hartley's. [18,'58

For the Hair, Jockey Club and new mown Hay Pomatums, Phalon's Invigorator, &c. &c. can all be had at Dr. Harry's.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filed, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

ATTENTION, MARKSMAN!

JOHN BORDER,

GUNSMITH, Bedford, Pa.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58–1y.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞ Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.

☞ Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞ Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞ Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,

June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

W. J. BAER. G. W. BENFORD. E. F. MEYERS.

BAER, BENFORD & MEYERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

WILL punctually attend to all business entrusted to their care. ☞ Mr. Baer will be in regular attendance at Court. Office on Julana street, same as formerly occupied by Wm. M. Hall, Esq. [jan '58.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞ Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bdford, Oct. 26, 1849.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts o Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washinghton Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

LADIES'

FANCY STORE.

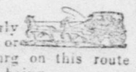
The undersigned, thankful for the past favors of the public, respectfully begs leave to inform the ladies, that she has on hand a large assortment of LADIES' FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS, such as Silks, De Laines, Thibet Cloths, Prints, also Linens, Muslins, Cloaks, Shawls, Bonnets, Ribbons, Rouches, Ladies' Best Kid Gloves, Hose, Children's Hose, French Embroidery, French and English Crapes, Zephyrs, Shetland Wool, Velvet Trimmings, Hoops, Sack Flannels, Wool Delaines, &c., &c. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. M. C. FETTERLY.

Bedford, Oct. 22d, 1858.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the travelling public, that he has established a daily line of stages between Bedford and Latrobe. The route is that of the old Philadelphia Turnpike, leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, being one of the best coach roads in the Union.

Passengers will REACH



trains of cars for Pittsburg as early as by going to Hollidaysburg or Johnstown. The fare to Pittsburg on this route is *Four Dollars and Twenty Cents* being

THREE DOLLARS CHEAPER

than on any other route from Bedford to that point. Coaches leave the Washington Hotel, Bedford, every morning, at 6½ o'clock, (Sundays excepted) and the Depot at Latrobe every morning, after the arrival of the mail train from Pittsburg, (Sundays excepted.

JOSEPH A. GARMAN.

February, 12, 1858–tf.



SHOEMENDING!



HAVING commenced the business of Shoemending, one door east of Mr. Brice's Hotel, Bedford, Pa., I am prepared to do all manner of work in this line of business at the shortest notice, and in the most substantial manner, on more reasonable rates than usual, *one thing indispensable.* Give me a call, try my work and judge for yourselves.

June 11,'58. J. B. BAKER.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of the one half of my Drug Store to DR. S. J. WAY, I therefore desire all persons indebted to me on book account, to come and settle, as it is important that all standing accounts should be settled and the books closed. This request is reasonable and I expect a speedy compliance.

jan. 7, '59. F. C. REAMER.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL and Jayne's Expectorant, at Dr. Harry's Drug [july 30, 1858.]

JAYNE'S WRIGHTS, Bennett's and Dyott's Pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

SHRIVER BROTHERS,

PRODUCE & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

376 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF BUTTER, Lard, Flour, Bacon, Leather, Wool, Ginseng, Snake Root, Beeswax, Feathers, and every description of country Produce.

A long business experience enables us to assure our friends that the best possible disposition will be made of anything entrusted to our care for sale.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

MRS. S. E. POTTS

HAS just returned from the cities with a large and handsome stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

elegant rich Dress Silks, Valentia Robes, French Merino, Thibet cloths, Delaines, all colors, Shawls of every description and all prices, bought low at auction. Also, a large and handsome assortment o Furs, Victorines, Capes, Cuffs and Muffs, Bonnets o all kinds, Velvet, Satin, Brown, Silk, Grey and Brown Straw trimmed and untrimmed. Also, an endless assortment of ribbons, feathers, flowers and rueshes, gloves and hosiery, boots and shoes, and a full assortment of every kind of fancy goods.

N. B. Country milliners can be supplied with all kinds of millinery goods.

Oct. 22, 1858.

CASH AND PRODUCE STORE!

HILLEGAS and MOWRY,

Merchants, at Buena Vista, Bedford co., Pa.

WOULD announce to their friends and customers that they have replenished their former stock by an additional supply of Fall and Winter GOODS of all kinds, which they intend selling *very low for cash or country produce.*

GIVE THEM A CALL.

N. B. Merchantable produce taken in payment for store debts.

Buena Vista, Oct., 15, 1858.

How to save Money!

ALL persons who are in want of good and very cheap Chairs and Cabinet Furniture,



can now have an opportunity of saving money, by calling on the subscriber, and selecting such articles as they may need from a large stock now on hand which will be sold lower than the same can be bought in this country.

You who are about to commence housekeeping will do well by calling on me as there will be great reductions made in suits of Furniture. You will see the truth of the above statement by looking at the following list of prices.

CHAIRS FROM	$4 50	to	36 00	per set
BEDSTEADS,	2 50	"	15 00	"
TABLES,	2 50	"	20 00	"
BUREAUS,	10 00	"	35 00	"
CUPBOARDS,	5 00	"	12 00	"
WASHSTANDS,	1 50	"	6 00	"
WORK STANDS,	1 00	"	5 00	"
CANDLE STANDS,	1 00	"	3 00	"

All other articles in proportion. All articles warranted.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

February 19, 1858.

Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, a present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞ Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞ Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞ *All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

Samuel Ketterman,

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

SHOE STORE!

Ferguson & Co.,

HAVE just opened their new Store in "Anderson's Row" of buildings, nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office.

Their stock of Boots and Shoes for men, women and children, is certainly the best and cheapest that has ever been brought to Bedford, for three reasons.

First :—On account of the pressure of the times, they have been laid in at 30 cents on the dollar less than what was paid last year for the same goods.

Second :—They were bought for CASH, and the usual discounts made.

Third :—They were bought in much larger quantities than dry goods merchants buy them, and consequently were bought much lower.

If this is doubted, the evidence is on the stanp at the counter.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

The store room has been so arranged as to have a separate apartment for the Ladies, provided with comfortable chairs and stools where they cat sit and talk, or buy shoes as they please.

Pickles and Fruits.

In connection with the shoe business, all kinds of Pickles, Fruits and Preserves will be kept, including Pine Apple, Peach, Strawberries, Cherries, Brandy Peaches, Catsups, Mixed Pickles, Lobsters, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

The best, and most general assortment of Tobacco and Cigars, will be kept constantly on hand.

As there is no store of this kind kept in this county, the proprietors are determined to keep it right, and sell at the lowest living profits.

A. FERGUSON & CO.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER & S. J. WAY,



HAVE formed a partnership in the *DRUG and BOOK* BUSINESS, will constantly keep on hand at their establishment in Juliana Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which they offer at greatly reduced pri for cash. Bedford, Jan. 21, 1859.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints: —

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price, 25 cents per Box; Six Boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC, in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

SOLD BY

Doctors Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

july 30,'58–1y.



BIG PAD LOCK.

HARDWARE, IRON, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, FARM-IMPLEMENTS, &c.

WILLIAM HARTLEY

HAVING just returned from the East, is now receiving the largest stock of general hardware, *Cutlery, Brushes, Oils, Paints, Iron, &c., &c.,* ever offered to the people of Bedford county. The Store is enlarged—the goods are new—the latest patterns and best quality—purchased for CASH at reliable houses.

NO AUCTION TRASH.

All Warranted as Represented.

Being determined to sell cheap, and believing that the credit system of Bedford county is ruinous to all classes excepting lawyers, justices, sheriffs and constables, I have adopted the following TERMS upon which I will succeed or fail, viz: CASH, or approved trade or produce, excepting to those only, who will promptly settle, either by *note or cash* on the 1st of July and 1st January, of each year. To all such I offer great inducements, and will try to please them, and give them the worth of their money. The custom of those who buy with but a faint erobability of paying is not wanted.

I hereby return my sincere thanks to my former customers, and earnestly desire their patronage.—Determined to sell as cheap (freight considered) and keep as good ware as any other establishment in the State. The public are invited to a careful perusal of my catalogue, in which is enumerated under their proper heads the articles always on hand.

Builders and all in want of any thing in my line will find it to their advantage to examine my stock.

March 11, 1859.

TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr. Harry's.